Project Management: Key to the future success of your office

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Session ID: 1900

Michigan State University

- Nation's pioneer Land Grant institution
- Located in East Lansing, MI
- 17 colleges
- 200 programs of undergraduate, graduate, and professional study
- Big Ten Conference
- Fall 2013 student population: 49,343
 - 37,278 undergrads

About this Presentation

This presentation will:

- Provide a case for project management in our offices
- Provide an easy entry point into project management
- Focus on "practical" project management keep it simple!
- Focus on *KEY* skills and tools
- Provide a big picture view of a mature project management organization and culture
- Provide references to more information if desired

About this Presentation

This presentation will NOT:

- Lead to PMP certification
- Lead to the creation of a mature project management office (PMO)
- Prepare you or your staff to manage a multi-million dollar project



Presenter Background

- Associate Registrar Academic Records.
- Not a career project manager.
- Started as a business applications software programmer.
- 1st project management assignment in 1999.
- 1st job as dedicated project manager and formal training in 2000.
- Primary responsibility of "IT Project Manager" from 2000-2008.
- PMP Certified since 2005.
- Most of career managing 3-7 medium sized IT projects at a time.
- Dedicated to single large multi-year project a couple of times.
- Management and supervision since 2008.
 - Software development team lead
 - Assistant Director in IT
 - Associate Registrar



What is Project Management?

- Project Management is a:
 - Profession
 - Discipline
 - Skillset
 - Process
 - Management, supervision, and leadership
 - Tool

AND

It is an ART!



Professional Organization(s)

- Project Management Institute (PMI)
- Project Management Book of Knowledge (PMBOK)
- Project Management Professional (PMP)

Process Groups and Knowledge Areas

- The 5 Process Groups (per PMBOK)
 - Initiating
 - Planning
 - Executing
 - Monitoring and Controlling
 - Closing
- The 10 Knowledge Areas (per PMBOK)
 - Project Integration, Scope, Time, Cost, Quality, HR,
 Communication, Risk, Procurement, and Stakeholder
 Management

Educational Opportunities

HR classes

- 3rd party education companies
 - New Horizons



- PMI
 - Extensive professional development resources due to PMP continuing education requirements

Degree Programs

Project Management Applications

- Project work expanding from our leadership teams to all staff examples:
 - Processes (new, re-engineering)
 - Change (policies, regulations, competitive factors)
 - Customer service delivery methods (web, mobile, social media)
 - IT "business" solutions (new technologies, new technology-based solutions)
 - Data (more sophisticated reporting requirements, analytics, and BIG data)
- Strategic work expanding from our executives to our leadership teams
- Technology is changing our day-to-day activities from processing routine tasks to managing the complex exceptions
 - Rote to thought work
- Our partners are speaking the project management language
 - Vendors
 - IT
- Inter-office initiatives

Practical Implementation Approaches

- Our projects are small to medium.
- We don't need a PMO. We don't need PMPs.
- Develop key project management skills in our staff
- Create a culture of basic project management activities
- Become familiar with basic tools, templates, and deliverable for key activities

Benefits of "Practical"

- Increases time spent on work with highest return (ROI)
- Reduce rework
- Reduce unproductive work
- Reduce doing unneeded work
- Reduce office paralysis (spinning in circles)
- Reduces time wasted in meetings
- Increases work on strategic tasks over operational tasks

Key Project Management Skills

- Planning and Organization
- Communication

Problem Solving

- Decision Making
- Organizational Results

Key Project Management Activities

- Planning and Organization
 - Project Schedule
- Communication
 - Project Communication Plan
- Problem Solving
 - Managed Project Risk and Issues Lists
- Decision Making
 - Roles and Responsibilities Document
- Organizational Results
 - Status Reports

Tool Basics: Project Schedule

- How are you going to get to the finish line?
- Core components include:
 - Tasks
 - Task owner
 - Task time estimates/due date
 - Task sequences and dependencies
 - Task phases or groupings
- Schedule/planning review points
- Microsoft Project is a common tool used
- Any spreadsheet software works too!

Tool Basics: Project Schedule

Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Predecessors	Resource Names	% Complete	.3
							W
Project Name	108 days	Wed 1/1/14	Fri 5/30/14			58%	
Project Planning Phase	18 days	Wed 1/1/14	Fri 1/24/14			100%	
Complete Planning	18 days	Wed 1/1/14	Fri 1/24/14		Project Manager	100%	=
Implementation Planning Phas	35 days	Mon 1/27/14	Fri 3/14/14	2		100%	
Identify XYZ	20 days	Mon 1/27/14	Fri 2/21/14		Lead Analyst	100%	
Develop "Deliverable"	15 days	Mon 2/24/14	Fri 3/14/14	5	Lead Analyst	100%	
Implementation Phase	55 days	Mon 3/17/14	Fri 5/30/14	4		18%	
Identify XYZ	40 days	Mon 3/17/14	Fri 5/9/14		Analyst 1	25%	
Develop "Deliverable"	15 days	Mon 5/12/14	Fri 5/30/14	8	Lead Analyst	0%	
	Project Name Project Planning Phase Complete Planning Implementation Planning Phas Identify XYZ Develop "Deliverable" Implementation Phase Identify XYZ	Project Name Project Planning Phase Complete Planning Is days Implementation Planning Phas Identify XYZ Develop "Deliverable" Is days Implementation Phase Identify XYZ Identify XYZ Implementation Phase Identify XYZ Instruction Phase Identify XYZ Instruction Phase Instruction	Project Name Project Planning Phase 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Complete Planning 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Implementation Planning Phas Identify XYZ Develop "Deliverable" 15 days Mon 1/27/14 Implementation Phase Identify XYZ 40 days Mon 3/17/14	Project Name 108 days Wed 1/1/14 Project Planning Phase 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Complete Planning 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Fri 1/24/14 Implementation Planning Phas 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Fri 1/24/14 Fr	Project Name 108 days Wed 1/1/14 Fri 5/30/14 Project Planning Phase 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Fri 1/24/14 Complete Planning 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Fri 1/24/14 Implementation Planning Phas 35 days Mon 1/27/14 Fri 3/14/14 2 Identify XYZ 20 days Mon 1/27/14 Fri 2/21/14 Develop "Deliverable" 15 days Mon 2/24/14 Fri 3/14/14 5 Implementation Phase 55 days Mon 3/17/14 Fri 5/30/14 4 Identify XYZ 40 days Mon 3/17/14 Fri 5/9/14	Project Name 108 days Wed 1/1/14 Fri 5/30/14 Project Planning Phase 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Complete Planning 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Fri 1/24/14 Project Manager Implementation Planning Phas So days Mon 1/27/14 Identify XYZ 20 days Mon 1/27/14 Pri 3/14/14 Develop "Deliverable" 15 days Mon 2/24/14 Implementation Phase 55 days Mon 3/17/14 Identify XYZ 40 days Mon 3/17/14 Fri 5/9/14 Analyst 1	Project Name 108 days Wed 1/1/14 Fri 5/30/14 58% Project Planning Phase 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Fri 1/24/14 100% Complete Planning 18 days Wed 1/1/14 Fri 1/24/14 Project Manager 100% Implementation Planning Phase 35 days Mon 1/27/14 Fri 3/14/14 2 100% Identify XYZ 20 days Mon 1/27/14 Fri 2/21/14 Lead Analyst 100% Implementation Phase 55 days Mon 3/17/14 Fri 5/30/14 4 Lead Analyst 18% Identify XYZ 40 days Mon 3/17/14 Fri 5/9/14 Analyst 1 25%

Tool Basics: Communication Plan

- If you do nothing else, communicate effectively!
- Create audience "groups" and communicate intentionally to each
- General information sharing
 - Electronic methods (web, formal emails, etc.)
- Detailed information & decision-making
 - Face-to-face meetings have a purpose
- Effective meetings
 - Agendas, meeting highlights, and action items

Tool Basics: Risks and Issues List

- Create tasks to identify and review issues
- Dedicate time to "worry", then let it go and work
- Core components include:
 - Issue Title
 - Issue Description and Impact
 - Issue Due Date
 - Issue Owner
 - Issue Resolution

Tool Basics: Risks and Issues List

ID	Issue Title	Issue Description	Due Date	Owner	Resolution
1		Governance must approve policy change recommendation	4/10/2014	Unit Director	
2	Training Lead	A training lead needs to be identified	5/1/2014	Project Lead	
	. 3 ====				
3		An operational support structure needs to be established	6/1/2014	Functional Manager	

Tool Basics: Roles and Responsibilities

- Projects stall when decisions are not made
- Authority and responsibility are important
- Publish for the project team early
- Core components include:
 - Stakeholders by role
 - Stakeholders by name
 - Description of project responsibilities

Tool Basics: Status Reporting

- Tool to push project pulse to stakeholder groups
- Know your audience
- It is OK to have multiple status reports
 - Communicate appropriately to each audience
- Core components include:
 - Red, Yellow, Green
 - Recognize accomplishments
 - Remind of upcoming tasks
 - Raise issues that may threaten project

Tool Basics: Status Reporting

Project Status Report

Project Title: New XYZ Policy Report Date: March 21, 2014

Overall Project Status: Green

Summary

Accomplishments 03/10/14 to 03/21/14

Activities or Objectives 03/24/14 to 04/04/14

Project Issues

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A Key to Success in our Offices?

- Activity within our office is no longer top down.
- Activity occurs more frequently with partners.
- The skillsets associated with project management are essential.
- The tools found within the discipline can become an integration language between people, organizations, and cultures.

Resources

- Project Management Institute (PMI)
 - www.pmi.org
- New Horizons Computer Learning Centers
 - www.newhorizons.com

Questions?



Contact Information

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