BIOSYSTEMS ENGINEERING

SA: BE 130

profession.

230

332

Materials

351 Thermodynamics for Biological BE Engineering

Spring. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Fisheries and Wildlife and Zoology. Administered by Fisheries and Wildlife. RB: (CSS 210 or BE 230) and (FOR 404 or FW 364 or ZOL

Department of Biosystems and Agricultural Engineering **College of Agriculture** and Natural Resources

Introduction to Biosystems Engineering

Fall. 1(0-2) P: (MTH 116 or concurrently) or

(MTH 132 or concurrently) or (MTH 152H or

concurrently) or (LB 118 or concurrently)

Introduction to the profession of biosystems engi-

neering. Case studies of engineering design problems with a biological component. Exploration of

career opportunities and ethical framework for the

Engineering Analysis of Biological

Biosystems modeling of growth and dynamic inter-

actions. Conservation of mass, and sustainability.

Steady-state and stability analysis. Ecological concepts. Life-cycle analysis. Design for environment.

Engineering Properties of Biological

Fall. 3(3-0) P: (BE 101 or concurrently) and (BS 161 or BS 181H or LB 145) and CE 221

R: Open to juniors or seniors in the Depart-

ment of Biosystems and Agricultural Engi-

Spring. 3(3-0) P: (MTH 132 or MTH 152H or

LB 118) and ((BS 162 or concurrently) or

(BS 182H or concurrently) or (LB 144 or

concurrently)) and (EGR 102 or concurrent-

Fall. 3(3-0) P: (BE 101 or concurrently) and (MTH 235 or MTH 255H or LB 220) and (BS 161 or BS 181H or LB 145) R: Open to juniors or seniors in the College of Engineering. Not open to students with credit in CHE 321 or ME 201.

Thermodynamics of biological systems. First and second laws of thermodynamics. Power and refrigeration cycles. Water relations and psychrometry. Chemical and phase equilibria.

Microbial Systems Engineering

Spring. 3(3-0) P: {BE 230 or concurrently} and MTH 235 R: Open to juniors or seniors in the College of Engineering.

Application of engineering and biological principles to the analysis of microbial systems. Kinetic analyses and modeling of microbial growth, survival, and inactivation for engineering applications.

Engineering Design and Optimization for

Spring. 3(2-2) P: (BE 101 and (BE 230 or

Design and optimization techniques applied to engineering problems with biological constraints. Project management. Engineering economics. programming.

Relationships between climate and agriculture in resource assessment, water budget analysis, meteorological hazards, pests, crop-yield modeling, and impacts of global climate change.

analysis of processes and equipment in biosystems.

Comprehensive nutrient management plans (CNMP) for animal feeding operations. Trends in animal production, environmental issues, and diet formulation and their impact on manure production. Development of CNMP for a specific animal feeding operation.

Biosystems Engineering Laboratory 334 Fall. 3(2-2) P: (BE 101 or concurrently) and

neering. C: BÉ 333 concurrently.

Physical, thermal, and electromagnetic properties of

biological materials necessary for the design and

(BS 171 or BS 172) and PHY 184 R: Open to juniors or seniors in the Department of Biosystems and Agricultural Engineering. C: BE 332 concurrently.

Sensors and instrumentation for measuring and analyzing properties of biological materials and systems.

350 **Heat and Mass Transfer in Biosystems**

Spring. 3(3-0) P: (BE 101 or concurrently) and (MTH 235 or MTH 255H or LB 220) and ((CE 321 or concurrently) or (CHE 311 or concurrently) or (ME 332 or concurrently)) and ((CEM 143 or concurrently) or (CEM 251 or concurrently)) R: Open to students in the College of Engineering. Not open to students with credit in ME 410.

Steady state and transient heat conduction. Radiation and convection heat transfer. Heat exchangers. Mass transfer application problems in biosystems engineering.

Biological Systems

concurrently)) and (MTH 235 or MTH 255H or LB 220) R: Open to juniors or seniors in the College of Engineering. SA: BE 431

Agricultural Climatology
Fall of even years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Geography. Administered by Geography. P: MTH 104 or MTH 110 or MTH 116 R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Comprehensive Nutrient Management Planning

Fall. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Animal Science. Administered by Animal Science. P: (BS 161 or LB 145 or BS 181H) and (CEM 143 or CEM 251) RB: CSS 210

Applications of Geographic Information Systems to Natural Resources 419 Management

Spring. 4(2-4) Interdepartmental with Community, Agriculture, Recreation and Resource Studies and Forestry and Fisheries and Wildlife and Geography. Administered by Fisheries and Wildlife. P: GEO 221

Application of geographic information systems, remote sensing, and global positioning systems to integrated planning and management for fish, wildlife, and related resources.

Fundamentals of Food Engineering

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Food Science. Administered by Biosystems Engineering. P: FSC 325 and MTH 126 and PHY 231 RB: FSC 211 R: Not open to students in the College of Engineering. SA: BE 329

Definition and measurement of food properties, thermodynamics, fluid mechanics, heat transfer, and mass transfer.

presentation of restoration plans. Field trips re-

Principles of ecological restoration of disturbed or

damaged ecosystems. Design, implementation, and

Restoration Ecology

Biosensors for Medical Diagnostics Spring. 3(3-0) P: (BS 161 or BS 181H or LB 145) and (CEM 141 or CEM 151) and (ECE 302 or ECE 345 or BE 334) RB: Biology, chemistry, and electronics R: Open to juniors or seniors or graduate students in the College of Engineering. Not open to students with credit in BE 845.

Biosensors, their components, properties, and associated electronics for applications in medical diag-

452 Watershed Concepts

443

445

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Crop and Soil Sciences and Environmental Studies and Agriscience and Forestry and Fisheries and Wildlife. Administered by Environmental Studies and Agriscience. P: ESA 324 and ZOL 355 RB: organic chemistry SA: RD 452

Watershed hydrology and management. The hydrologic cycle, water quality, aquatic ecosystems, and social systems. Laws and institutions for managing water resources.

Electric Power and Control 456

Spring. 3(2-2) P: ECE 201 or ECE 345 SA: AE 356

Alternating current circuits, power distribution, electrical machines, protection, and programmable motor controllers. Design project related to food and agricultural industries.

460 **Natural Resource Economics**

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Environmental Economics and Policy and Environmental Studies and Applications and Park, Recreation and Tourism Resources. Administered by Environmental Studies and Applications. P: EC 201 and (ESA 302 or EEP 255) SA: RD 460

Economic framework for analyzing natural resource management decisions. Spatial and inter-temporal allocation of renewable and nonrenewable resources. Special emphasis on institutions, externalities, and public interests in resource management.

467 **BioEnergy Feedstock Production**

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Crop and Soil Sciences and Forestry. Administered by Crop and Soil Sciences. P: MTH 103 or MTH 116 RB: CSS 101 and CSS 210

Agronomic, economic, technological, and environmental principles involved in bioenergy feedstock production. Cultivation, harvest, transportation, and storage of agricultural and forest biomass.

Biomass Conversion Engineering

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Chemical Engineering. Administered by Chemical Engineering. P: (BE 351 or CHE 321) and (BE 360 or CHE 431)

Physicochemical and biological pretreatment. Biomass conversion to alcohols, biodiesel, bio-oil, syngas, and other value-added products using advanced biological, chemical, and thermochemical treatments

Biosystems Engineering—BE

469 Sustainable Bioenergy Systems

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Chemical Engineering. Administered by Biosystems Engineering. P: BE 230 or CHE 201 RB: CSS 467 and CHE 468 R: Open to juniors or seniors in the College of Engineering.

Biorefinery analysis and system design. Life cycle assessment to evaluate sustainability of bioenergy systems. Current policy regulating the bioeconomy and system economics. Product commercialization.

475 International Studies in Biosystems

Engineering
Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. Fall: Abroad. Spring: Abroad. Summer: Abroad. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department; application required.

Study abroad emphasizing biosystems and agricultural engineering issues affecting agriculture and natural resources in world, national, and local communities.

477 Food Engineering: Fluids

Fall. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Food Science. Administered by Biosystems Engineering. P: BE 350 and BE 351 and BE 360 SA: FE 465

Unit operations, process engineering, equipment, and industrial practices of the food industry. Manufactured dairy products: thermal processing, pipeline design, heat exchange, evaporation, dehydration, aseptic processing, membrane separation, cleaning, and sanitation

478 Food Engineering: Solids

Spring. 3(2-2) P: BE 350 and BE 351 and BF 360

Analysis and design of unit operations and complete systems for handling, processing, and manufacturing bulk, granular, and solid food products. Material variability and microbial, chemical, and physical

481 **Land and Water Conservation** Engineering

Fall. 3(2-2) P: (CE 321 or CHE 311 or ME 332) and (BE 351 or concurrently) SA: AE 481

Hydrology of small watersheds. Flood routing. Quantifying runoff, infiltration, evapotranspiration. Drainage design. Global Positioning Systems. Geographic Information Systems and applications in engineering projects. Irrigation efficiency.

482

Non-point Source Pollution Control Spring. 3(2-2) P: (BE 481 or CE 421) and BE 350 and BE 360

Identification, estimation, and control of non-point source pollution from agricultural and urban sources. Geographic Information Systems (GIS) based computer models of watersheds. Engineering design of practices and structures to control non-point source pollution. Development of watershed management plans

485 **Biosystems Design Techniques**

Fall. 3(2-2) P: BE 332 and BE 334 and BE 350 and BE 351 and BE 360 and BE 385 or approval of department R: Open to juniors or seniors in the Biosystems Engineering major. SA: BE 486

Engineering design process. Problem identification, analysis, design, modeling, materials, cost estimation, and final specifications. Safety, environmental, and ethical considerations.

Spring. 3(0-6) P: (BE 485) and completion of Tier I Writing requirement R: Open to seniors in Biosystems Engineering major. SA: AE 488

Individual or team design project selected in BE 485. Information expansion, development of alternatives, and evaluation, selection, and completion of a desian project.

Independent Study 490

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 5 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 5 credits in all enrollments for this course. P: (BE 230 or BE 350) R: Approval of department; application required. SA: AE 490

Supervised individual student research and study in biosystems engineering.

491 **Special Topics in Biosystems** Engineering

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. P: (BE 230 or BE 331 or BE 350) R: Approval of department. SA: AE 491

Special topics in biosystems engineering.

815 Instrumentation for Biosystems Engineering Spring. 3(3-0) SA: AE 815

Theory and techniques of measuring temperature, pressure, flow, humidity, and moisture in biological materials

820 Research Methods in Biosystems Engineering

Fall. 1(1-0) R: Open only to graduate students in the College of Agriculture and Natural Resources or College of Engineering. SA: AE 820

Procedures and methods for designing and executing research projects.

825 **Properties of Biological Materials**

Fall. 3(3-0)

Determination, analysis, and modeling of engineering properties of materials encountered in biological engineering.

835 **Engineering Analysis and Optimization** of Biological Systems

Fall. 3(3-0) RB: Undergraduate degree in an engineering discipline, and one year of biological science.

Application of quantitative modeling methods to the description, analysis, design, and operation of biological systems. Dimensional analysis. Theory of models. Network design. Life-cycle assessment. Multi-criteria optimization.

Biosensor Principles and Applications

Spring. 3(3-0) RB: Knowledge of biology, chemistry, and electronics.

Nanotechnology-based biosensors, their components, desirable properties, and associated electron-Applications related to healthcare, biodefense, food and water safety, agriculture, bio-production, and environment. Multidisciplinary interactions necessary for biosensor development.

Fall of even years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Forestry and Fisheries and Wildlife. Administered by Fisheries and Wildlife. RB: STT 422 or STT 442 or STT 464

General systems theory and concepts. Modeling and simulation methods. Applications of systems approach and techniques to natural resource management, and to ecological and agricultural research.

853 Applied Systems Modeling and Simulation for Natural Resource Management

Spring of odd years. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Forestry and Fisheries and Wildlife and Zoology. Administered by Fisheries and Wildlife. RB: (ZOL 851) or approval of department. R: Open to seniors or graduate students. graduate students.

Mathematical models for evaluating resource management strategies. Stochastic and deterministic simulation for optimization. System control structures. Team modeling approach.

870 **Engineering Methods for Food Safety**

Fall. 3(3-0) RB: Undergraduate degree in engineering and/or a functional knowledge of calculus, food microbiology, and basic principles of food engineering.

Engineering methods for ensuring the safety of processed food products. Emphasis on meeting government regulations for thermal processing and safety of commercially processed products. Predictive models for microbial growth, survival, and inactivation. Applying experimental data and mathematical models for process validation. Statistical methods for process variability, as related to food safety.

Special Problems 890

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department; application required. SA: AE

Individual study in biosystems engineering.

891 **Advanced Topics in Biosystems** Engineering

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to seniors and graduate students, SA: AE 891

Biosystems engineering topics not covered in regular courses.

892

Biosystems Engineering Seminar Spring. 1(1-0) R: Open only to graduate students in the College of Agriculture and Natural Resources or College of Engineering. SA: AE 892

Current topics in biosystems engineering.

899 Master's Thesis Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 10 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 99 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to master's students in the Biosystems Engineering major. SA: AE 899

Master's thesis research.

999 **Doctoral Dissertation Research**

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 24 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 99 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to doctoral students in the Biosystems Engineering major. SA: AE 999

Doctoral dissertation research.

487 Biosystems Design Project (W)

852 Systems Modeling and Simulation