

**ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
AND SYSTEMS SCIENCE**

College of Engineering

Electrical Engineering

E E

275. Consumer Electronics

Fall, Winter, Spring, 3(3-0)

Electronic circuit components and devices; their operation in transmitters, receivers, stereoamplifiers, etc. Electronic measurements, magnetic recording, speaker systems, and other topics will be considered.

300. Electric Circuits I

Fall, Winter, 4(4-0) MTH 113.

Current voltage and power. DC and transient circuit analysis. Forced response. Sinusoids and the phasor concept. Bridges.

301. Electric Circuits II

Winter, Spring, 4(4-0) E E 300, MTH

214.

Sinusoidal steady-state response. Average power and rms concepts. Complex frequency response. Magnetically coupled circuits. Two-port networks. Transfer functions.

302. Basic Electronic Circuits

Spring, Summer, 4(4-0) E E 301, MTH

215.

Volt-ampere characteristics of diodes and transistors. Voltage, current and power amplification. Stability, transient and high-frequency effects. Feedback, oscillators and operational amplifiers.

303. Electronics Laboratory I

(384.) Winter, Spring, 1(0-3) E E 300, E E 301 concurrently.

Electronic test equipment and measurement fundamentals. Experimental verification of topics covered in E E 300 and E E 301. Computer-aided circuit analysis and design.

304. Electronics Laboratory II

(386.) Fall, 1(0-3) E E 302.

Experimental verification of topics covered in E E 302. Single-stage and multi-stage transistor amplifier design and analysis. Applications of linear integrated circuits. Computer-aided circuit design.

305. Electromagnetic Fields and Waves I

Fall, Winter, 3(3-0) MTH 215, PHY 288.

Vector analysis, Electrostatic fields; EM sources, scalar potential, Poisson's and Laplace's equations, dielectric media, capacitance, and energy storage. Boundary value problems for electrostatic fields.

306. Electromagnetic Fields and Waves II

Winter, Spring, 3(3-0) E E 305.

Magnetostatic fields; EM sources, vector potential, magnetic media, inductance, and energy storage. Time-varying fields and Maxwell's equations; energy conservation, potential theory, and radiation concepts.

307. Electromagnetic Fields and Waves III

Spring, Summer, 3(3-0) E E 306; E E 308 concurrently.

Application of Maxwell's equations; radiation, propagation, reflection, and power flow of plane EM waves; EM boundary value problems. Transmission line theory; transient and steady state waves, standing and traveling waves, reflections and standing-wave-ratio.

308. Fields and Waves Laboratory

Spring, Summer, 1(0-3) E E 306; E E 307 concurrently.

Experimental investigation of: charged particle motion in EM fields, dielectric and magnetic properties and materials, probing of currents and charges, and propagation of transient and steady-state waves. Digital computer solutions for EM field and wave problems.

345. Introduction to Electronic Instrumentation Systems

Fall, Winter, Spring, 4(3-3) PHY 288.

Basic electronic concepts; passive and active components; operational amplifiers; switching devices, equivalent circuits; transducers; signal conditioning; recording; data management; basic elements of control.

415. Control Systems Design

Winter, 3(3-0) SYS 313. Interdepartmental with Systems Science.

Controller design via root locus and frequency response methods; controllability, observability; state-space design techniques for continuous and computer-controlled feedback systems; survey of digital control.

418. Introduction to Computer-Aided Circuit Design

Spring, 3(3-0) CPS 120, E E 302.

Introduces the techniques used for automatic formulation, analysis and optimization of linear and nonlinear electronic circuits. Students will write a modest but useful analysis program package.

419. Physical Phenomena and Electronic Instrumentation I

Winter, 4(3-3) PHY 289, PHY 298 or approval of department, MTH 215. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Physics.

Concepts of electronics relative to uses in investigations of physical phenomena and their subsequent applications to provide reliable instrumentation. Nuclear radiation detectors, photometers and magnetometers are examples of specific topics covered.

420. Electromechanical Energy Conversion

Winter, 3(3-0) E E 301, E E 305.

Review of electromagnetics; design, specification, and use of d.c. machines in industrial and servo-control application, synchronous generators and transformers for power systems; three phase power, per unit notation.

421. Power System Analysis

Spring, 3(3-0) E E 420.

Model of power system components; analysis and planning techniques including load flow, short circuit, transient stability; voltage and frequency control; economic operation of power systems.

430. Digital Electronics I

Fall, 3(3-0) E E 302.

Characteristics and applications of digital integrated circuits. Number systems and Boolean algebra. Gates, flip-flops, clocks, counters, shift registers, A/D and D/A converters. Basic applications of these devices.

431. Digital Electronics II

Winter, 3(3-0) E E 430 or CPS 421.

Basics of minicomputer and microcomputer based systems. Programming fundamentals. The I/O bus. Interfacing, data acquisition, data storage, and data communication. Practical design problems.

433. Digital Electronics Laboratory

Winter, Spring, 1(0-3) May reenroll for a maximum of 2 credits. E E 431 or concurrently.

Design, construct and test representative digital electronic circuits. Hands-on experience with minicomputer, microcomputers and programmable calculators. Applications in data acquisition and control.

435. Guided Transmission Systems

Fall, 3(3-0) E E 307.

Electric circuit theory from EM field theory. Guided wave theory: normal modes, propagation characteristics, power transport, wave impedances, traveling and standing waves, rectangular and circular waveguides. Electromagnetic resonators; frequency and Q.

436. Microwave Networks and Antennas

Winter, 3(3-0) E E 435.

Circuit theory for wave-guiding systems; impedance description of microwave one and N-port networks, scattering matrix, excitation and coupling. Radiation and scattering: radiation fields, fields and impedance of cylindrical antennas and arrays, microwave antennas.

438. Transmission and Radiation Laboratory

Winter, 1(0-3) E E 435; E E 436 concurrently.

Microwave transmission and radiation laboratory. Measurement of frequency, wavelength, standing waves, impedance, and power. Experiments on transmission lines, waveguides, cavity resonators, microwave circuits, and circuit and radiation properties of antennas.

455. Deterministic Communication Systems

Fall, 3(3-0) Approval of department.

Communication systems. Representation of signals in time and frequency domain. Processing of signals by linear, simple nonlinear and time-variant systems. Linear and nonlinear, analog and digital modulation and demodulation; for example, AM, FM, PCM.

456. Applied Probability in Communication Theory

Winter, 3(3-0) E E 455 or approval of department.

Probability theory as applied in the study of communication systems. Representation of random signals and noise as stochastic processes. Autocorrelation and spectral density.

457. Statistical Communication Systems

Spring, 3(3-0) E E 456; E E 467 concurrently.

Representation, processing and filtering of random signals. Performance of analog, linear and nonlinear modulation systems with noise. Optimal digital communication systems.

**Descriptions – Electrical Engineering and Systems Science
of
Courses**

- 464. Control Systems Laboratory**
Fall. 2(1-3) E E 303 or E E 345; SYS 313. *Interdepartmental with Systems Science.* Experimental investigations of feedback systems. Study of solid state controllers. Properties and applications of phase lock loops. Introduction to digital control.
- 467. Communications Laboratory**
Spring. 1(0-3) E E 456; E E 457 concurrently. Experimental investigations on communication theory and information transmission topics from E E 455, E E 456, and E E 457.
- 474. Physical Principles of Electronic Devices**
Fall. 3(3-0) E E 302; PHY 288. Energy levels in atoms and crystals. Density of states. Fermi-Dirac statistics. Transport properties of bulk materials. Metal-semiconductor contacts. The pn junction and BJT.
- 475. Electronic Devices and Circuits I**
Winter. 3(3-0) E E 474. Analysis and design of devices and circuits based on principles discussed in E E 474. Physical models for BJT's and FET's. Power devices and circuits. High-frequency and high-speed devices and circuits.
- 476. Electronic Devices and Circuits II**
Spring. 3(3-0) E E 307, E E 475. Continuation of topics covered in E E 475. Microwave vacuum and solid-state devices. Solid-state energy-conversion devices. Optoelectronic devices and applications. Charge-coupled devices and applications.
- 477. Electro-optic Devices**
Spring of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) E E 306. Atomic origin and the operational characteristics of light sources and detectors. Basic design considerations for gas and solid state lasers. Methods of optical detection, applications.
- 480. Integrated Circuits: Operational Amplifiers**
Spring. 3(3-0) E E 302. Integrated circuits: design principles and fabrication. Differential-amplifier stage signal characteristics. Properties and models of operational amplifiers. Applications: signal conditioners, signal processors, signal generators, and special-purpose circuits.
- 484. Electronic Devices Laboratory I**
Winter. 1(0-3) E E 474; E E 475 concurrently. Introduction to materials handling and preparation techniques. Fabrication of electronic devices. Measurement of bulk properties of materials. Computer-aided analysis of transport phenomena in semiconductors.
- 490. Special Topics in Electrical Engineering**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. *May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department.* Exposition of special topics in electrical engineering.
- 495. Independent Study**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. *May reenroll for a maximum of 3 credits in E E 495 and SYS 495 combined. Approval of department.* Independent study of a topic in electrical engineering of particular interest to the student.
- 499. Undergraduate Research**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. *May reenroll for a maximum of 6 credits in E E 499 and SYS 499 combined. Approval of department.* Independent undergraduate research in contemporary areas of electrical engineering such as: alternative energy, monitoring and control, bioengineering, power systems, integrated electronics, electromagnetic systems.
- 801. Special Problems**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. *Approval of department.* Investigation of a topic in electrical engineering compatible with the student's prerequisites, interest, and ability.
- 811. Noise and Fluctuation Phenomena**
Spring of even-numbered years; Summer of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) *Approval of department.* Nyquist formulation of thermal noise; noise phenomena associated with electron tubes, transistors, beam and parametric devices, amplifiers, mixers, and detectors; techniques and equipment for noise measurements.
- 831. Active Network Synthesis**
Fall. 3(3-0) *Approval of department.* S-domain network synthesis. Root-locus design techniques for practical analog signal processors, including sensitivity and stability considerations. Passive network synthesis and functional properties of operational amplifiers.
- 835. Electromagnetic Theory I**
Fall. 3(3-0) *Approval of department.* Electrostatics, magnetostatics, electrodynamics, Maxwell's equations, force and energy equations, potential functions. Green's function, radiation of electromagnetic waves, plane waves, cylindrical waves, spherical waves.
- 836. Electromagnetic Theory II**
Winter. 3(3-0) E E 835. Electromagnetic radiation from simple antennas; analysis of transmitting and receiving systems; propagation of electromagnetic waves in various media; electromagnetic fields in open-wire lines and waveguides.
- 837. Guided Transmission Systems**
Spring. 3(3-0) E E 836. Discontinuities and impedances in waveguides; equivalent circuits of microwave devices; waveguide excitations; scattering matrix, resonant cavities; microwave circuits.
- 846. Analysis of Random Time Functions**
Winter. 3(3-0) *Approval of department.* Mathematical models for time-dependent random phenomena; properties of correlation functions and spectral densities; stationarity and ergodicity; response of linear systems to random inputs; introduction to applied harmonic analysis.
- 847. Communication Systems**
Spring. 3(3-0) E E 846. Statistical communication theory, vector representation of waveforms; matched filters; detection theory; digital communication systems, PCM, efficient signaling sequences estimation theory; AM and FM, modulation.
- 849. Microwave Electronics**
Spring. 3(3-0) E E 835, E E 875. Microwave solid-state devices, parametric amplifiers, waves in vacuum and solid-state plasmas, wave amplifiers and oscillators, design of microwave systems.
- 850. Ionized Gases**
Fall. 3(3-0) E E 835 or PHY 448; E E 874. *Interdepartmental with the departments of Astronomy and Astrophysics and Physics.* Elastic collision processes; Boltzmann equation; moment equations; motion of a charged particle in electrical and magnetic field; individual and collective charged particle behavior; macroscopic properties of plasmas, waves in the fluid plasma; transport phenomena in plasma.
- 861. Bioelectric Field Theory**
Spring. 3(3-0) E E 306, BME 411. Volume conductor fields; quasi-static formulation, bioelectric sources, boundary conditions, field of a single cell, subthreshold neuron phenomena, integral equations for biopotentials. Electrocardiography: bioelectric sources in heart, dipole hypothesis, forward and inverse problems.
- 874. Physical Electronics**
Fall. 4(4-0) *Approval of department.* Application of quantum mechanics in solids, band theory of semi-conductors, electrical transport phenomena, induced current concept, charged particle dynamics, electron optics.
- 875. Solid-State Devices and Circuits**
Winter. 3(3-0) E E 874. Formulation of operating properties and appropriate models of two-terminal and multi-terminal devices formed with semiconductors and solid-state materials. Basic applications.
- 880. Signal Analysis**
Fall. 3(3-0) *Approval of department.* Continuous and discrete signals—generation, representation and classification. Fourier transform, spectral analysis and filtering for continuous and discrete signals. Computer implementation of signal processing.
- 899. Research**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. *Variable credit. Approval of department.*
- 911. General Automata Theory I**
Fall of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) CPS 423 or SYS 827 or *approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Computer Science.* Characterization of machines and programs as automata; mathematical decomposition of finite automata.
- 912. General Automata Theory II**
Winter of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) CPS 911. *Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Computer Science.* Reliability and redundancy of finite automata. Probabilistic sequential machines. Languages definable by probabilistic and deterministic automata. Axioms for equivalence of regular expressions.

**Descriptions – Electrical Engineering and Systems Sciences
of
Courses**

820. System Dynamics and Control
Spring. 4(4-0) MTH 215; knowledge of matrices and Laplace transforms.

Fundamentals of continuous and discrete dynamic control systems; feedback principles; transform and state variable design techniques; introduction to optimal control design.

826. Linear Concepts in Systems Science

Fall. 4(4-0) Approval of department.

State-space and frequency domain models of interconnected systems; solution of continuous and discrete-time linear systems; response characteristics; stability.

827. Nonlinear Concepts in Systems Science

Winter. 4(4-0) SYS 826.

Existence, uniqueness and stability in nonlinear systems; autonomous systems and the phase space; linearization, perturbation, describing functions and harmonic balance procedures; numerical solutions.

835. Nonlinear Optimization Models

(828.) Winter, Summer. 4(4-0) Students may not receive credit for both SYS 835 and MGT 835, CHE 465 or MGT 834 or knowledge of linear programming. Interdepartmental and jointly administered with the Department of Management. Interdepartmental with the Department of Chemical Engineering.

Nonlinear optimization-examples and applications. Kuhn-Tucker Theory. Saddle point optimality conditions. Algorithms for problems with constraints. Unconstrained optimization; introduction to search methods.

841. Optimization of Urban Traffic Flow

Fall of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) Approval of department. Interdepartmental with Civil Engineering.

Traffic flow models used in design of computerized traffic control systems. Optimal freeway ramp metering algorithms. Offline and online optimization of traffic signal timing.

843. Ecosystem Analysis, Design and Management

Spring. 3(3-0) SYS 442 or ZOL 404. Interdepartmental with the Department of Zoology.

Groups of students from various biological and nonbiological disciplines will synthesize and analyze models of selected biological systems. Project should yield information relevant to solution of contemporary ecological problems.

851. Modeling of Engineering Systems

Fall. 4(4-0) M E 458 or E E 415. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Mechanical Engineering.

Modeling of engineering devices and components; assembly into systems; bond graph representation; prediction of dynamic behavior by linear, nonlinear and simulation methods; applications to mechanical, electrical, fluid, thermal systems.

899. Research

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

961. Optimal Control Theory I

Fall. 3(3-0) SYS 827, SYS 835 or approval of department; MTH 426.

Formulation of the general control problem; controllability, observability and normality in discrete-state and continuous-state systems; performance functionals; typical control problems.

962. Optimal Control Theory II

Winter. 3(3-0) SYS 961 or approval of department.

Optimum control theory in continuous-state and discrete-state systems; necessary and sufficient conditions for optimal solutions, geometric interpretations relation to calculus of variations; typical applications.

963. Optimal Estimation and Control Theory

Spring. 3(3-0) SYS 962 or E E 847 or approval of department.

Techniques of optimal control and communication theory; development of stochastic control and detection models, state estimation, Kalman filtering, stochastic control, computational methods.

999. Research

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

**ENGINEERING EGR
College of Engineering**

125. Orientation to Engineering Careers

Winter. 2(2-0)

Engineering careers, history and philosophy of engineering profession, present and future challenges, industrial job functions, employment trends.

160. Engineering Communications

Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(1-6) MTH 108 or MTH 111 or concurrently.

Engineering graphics, a means used by engineers to communicate their ideas to others. Freehand sketching, descriptive geometry, and graphical, numerical and computer problem solutions.

161. Mechanical Drawing

Fall, Winter, Spring. 2(0-4)

Lettering and use and care of instruments. Orthographic projection, working drawings, machine sketching and isometric drawing.

162. Mechanical Drawing

Fall, Winter, Spring. 2(0-4) EGR 160 or EGR 161.

Continuation of EGR 161 with emphasis on freehand lettering and sketching, advanced working drawings.

200. Technology and Society

Winter. 3(3-0) Twelve credits of Natural Science. Interdepartmental with the Department of Natural Science.

An attempt to describe and analyze portions of current technology and its desired and undesired consequences; an exploration of avenues for assessing such consequences for future technologies.

201. Introduction to Engineering Mechanics

Winter. 4(4-0) PHY 237. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Metallurgy, Mechanics and Materials Science.

Laws of mechanics governing the behavior of rigid and deformable bodies emphasizing how these laws influence engineering design. Extensive use of demonstrations.

IDC. Introduction to Environmental Systems

For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.

260. Engineering Drawing

Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(0-6)

The development of the ability to communicate graphically, pictorially, and orally. Orthographic projection, freehand sketching, oral reports and creative problem solving techniques are employed to enhance learning.

267. Architectural Drafting I

Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(0-6)

House construction detailing. Analysis and drawing of typical standard details.

270. Computer Graphics

Spring. 3(3-0) EGR 160 or EGR 161; CPS 110 or CPS 120; or approval of department.

Use of computer controlled display systems for the solution of multidimensional problems.

300. Technology and Utilization of Energy

Winter. 3(3-0) Initial course in any sequence of courses in the Department of Natural Science. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Mechanical Engineering.

Problems of energy technology and its impact: energy sources, conversions, waste and environmental effects, future outlook for mankind.

322. Interior Lighting Design

Fall, Spring. 3(2-2) HED 213; approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Human Environment and Design.

The basic principles and practices of interior design lighting, light control, distribution, quality and quantity of light as it affects man's near environment.

364. Architectural Drafting II

Winter. 3(0-6) EGR 267.

Functional and standard procedure in the layout of floor plans in traditional and modern houses. Rendered plot plan and required details.

365. House Planning

Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(1-4)

Elementary house architecture. Drawing plans from sketches. Kitchen planning, house styles, elements of design, financing, heating, lighting.

366. Architectural Perspective Drawing

Fall. 3(0-6) Any engineering graphics course.

One-point and two-point perspective, revolved plan and measuring line methods. Pencil rendering, problems in shade and shadows. House model to scale, optional.

390. Value Engineering

Fall, Winter. 4(3-2) M E 280.

The basis of value engineering is function, value, and a group of special techniques developed to aid in isolating and identifying problems created by our complex society and technology.

401. Technology Assessment

Spring. 3(3-0) Seniors or approval of department. Interdepartmental with the Department of Natural Science.

Sociotechnical evaluation of impact of proposed technologies on economic, political, and cultural aspects of society. Identification of technical strategies and social goals. Techniques of assessment.