

**MECHANICAL
ENGINEERING**

M E

College of Engineering

230. Residence Heating

Fall, Winter. 4(3-2) Building construction majors.

Calculation of heat losses and heat gains for typical residences, and system design and layout for both heating and air-conditioning.

255. Computer Models in Science and Engineering

Spring. 3(3-0) CPS 110 or 120 or equivalent FORTRAN. Interdepartmental with the Computer Science Department.

Problem-solving; development of student's ability to formulate computable models based on finite physical elements, examples from statics, dynamics, electrical resistance, and conduction heat transfer.

280. Manufacturing Processes

Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(3-0)

An introduction to the materials and processes used in manufacturing, to convert ideas into products, machines, and structures for the use of mankind. Extensive use is made of audio-visual techniques.

311. Thermodynamics I

Fall, Winter. 4(3-3) MTH 215 or concurrently.

Zeröth, first and second laws of thermodynamics. General energy equation. Process relations. Concepts of equilibrium, reversibility, and irreversibility. Applications of these to systems describable by two independent properties.

312. Thermodynamics II

Winter, Spring. 4(3-3) 311.

Continuation of 311. Gas and vapor relations, reactive and non-reactive mixtures. Thermodynamic principles as applied to gas and vapor power and refrigeration cycles for reciprocating and turbo machinery.

313. Thermodynamics III

Spring. 3(3-0) 312.

Kinetic theory, classical statistical mechanics, and quantum statistical mechanics. Derivation of transport coefficients. Applications of statistical mechanics.

320. Kinematics of Machines I

(420.) Fall, Spring. 4(3-3) MMM 206 or concurrently; EGR 260.

Absolute and relative displacements, velocities, and accelerations in rigid body systems; analysis and synthesis of multi-bar linkages and rotational mechanisms.

332. Fluid Mechanics I

Winter, Spring. 4(3-3) 311, MMM 206.

Fluid statics. Fundamental concepts and analysis techniques. Deformable and non-deformable control volume approach to conservation of mass, linear and moment of momentum, energy. Dimensional analysis, similitude and examples of engineering usage.

333. Fluid Mechanics II

(431.) Fall, Spring. 4(3-3) 332 or approval of department.

Field descriptions, stress-strain relations for a fluid, circulation, vorticity, field equations for continuity and momentum, boundary layers, basic concepts of turbulence, Reynolds equations, phenomenological theories, one-dimensional gas dynamics.

351. Mechanical Engineering Analysis

Fall, Winter. 4(4-0) MTH 215; CPS 120 or concurrently.

Application of analytical and numerical methods to the solution of problems encountered in mechanical engineering.

352. Introduction to Systems and Control

Winter, Spring. 4(4-0) Approval of department.

Modeling of a variety of physical systems, using state-variable concepts. Time and frequency response of low-order linear systems. Primary applications to mechanics and hydraulics.

406. Automotive Engines

Spring. 3(2-3) 312.

Analysis of internal combustion engines for vehicular propulsion.

407. Automotive Vehicles

Fall. 3(2-3) MMM 206.

Analysis of the propulsion, braking, steering, and suspension requirements.

410. Thermomechanical Continua

(322.) Fall. 3(3-0) MMM 211; MTH 334.

Thermomechanical continua including energy principles, formulation and solution of boundary value problems in elasticity, plasticity, and viscoelasticity. Dynamic response of mechanical systems via Hamilton's Principle; Euler-Lagrange equations. Rayleigh, Ritz, and Galerkin approximations.

411. Heat Transfer I

Fall. 3(3-0) 311; MTH 215.

Analysis of steady-state and transient heat conduction; numerical solutions. Radiant heat transfer; principles and applications including radiation networks. Gaseous radiation exchange.

412. Heat Transfer II

Winter. 3(3-0) 333, 411.

Natural and forced convection based on boundary layer theory. Heat transfer in fluids with phase change. Heat exchangers, mass transfer.

414. Energy Conversion

Winter. 3(3-0) 312.

Fundamental principles of energy conversion systems. Direct energy conversion. Thermoelectric, thermionic, nuclear, fuel cells, magnetohydrodynamic, and other methods of power generation.

417. Propulsion

Spring. 3(3-0) 333.

Thermodynamics and fluid mechanics, theory and performance of rockets, turbojets, reciprocating engines, propellers, turboprops, turbofans; thermodynamic cycles, component efficiencies, concepts in nuclear and radiation propulsion.

421. Machine Design I

Fall. 4(3-3) MMM 211.

Analysis and synthesis of mechanical systems; fatigue resistance; stress concentration; elasticity; non-linear elements.

422. Machine Design II

Winter. 3(2-2) 421.

Analysis and synthesis of elements of systems; hydrodynamic theory of lubrication; contact stresses; finite and infinite life design factors.

424. Dynamics of Machines

Winter. 3(3-0) 320.

Analysis of static and dynamic forces in rigid body systems; balancing of rotating and reciprocating system elements; inertial guidance; critical speeds.

432. Aerodynamics

Winter. 3(3-0) 333.

Fundamentals of fluid mechanics, potential flows about bodies and airfoils, compressible flow, perturbation methods, viscous flow, boundary layers on airfoils, transition, turbulence, separation, aerodynamics of wings and bodies.

436. Cooling Processes

Spring. 3(3-0) 312.

Thermodynamic principles applied to the design of cooling systems in range of normal temperatures to ultra-low cryogenic temperature conditions. Psychrometric principles as applied to air conditioning and evaporating systems.

442. Industrial Engineering

Winter, Spring. 4(3-2) 280; MGT 302.

Theory and techniques used by industry in planning for manufacturing. Process selection and design, work methods planning, production time standards, materials handling, and plant layout planning.

451. Modeling of Physical Systems

Fall. 3(3-0) 352.

Modeling of physical and engineering devices as multiports; bond graph representation of multiport systems; application to mechanical, hydraulic, electrical, and transducer components.

452. Analysis of Physical Systems

Winter. 3(3-0) 451.

Systematic formulation of state-space equations for multiport models; analytical methods for linear systems, including time and frequency response characteristics based on matrix methods. Systems containing rigid bodies.

455. Mechanical Vibrations

(325.) Winter. 4(4-0) MMM 206.

Oscillatory phenomena for linear systems with one and two degrees of freedom, non-linear systems, time varying systems with deterministic excitation, and time invariant systems with non-deterministic excitations.

458. Control Theory

(428.) Spring. 3(3-0) 352.

Closed-loop control systems; application of transfer function analysis; design for a definite degree of stability; on-and-off controllers.

463. Mechanical Engineering Projects

Spring. 3(1-4) 332, 411.

Mechanical engineering group projects. Computer-aided design and engineering research. Problem formulation. Optimization.

471. Flight Dynamics

Fall. 3(3-0) MMM 206.

Particle and rigid body dynamics, vacuum trajectories, orbit theory, aerodynamic forces, propulsion, longitudinal, directional and lateral static stability and control, dynamic stability and control, range, speed, payload, and altitude performance.

499. Senior Problems

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department.

812. Heat and Mass Transfer

Fall. 4(4-0) Graduate students. Not open to students with credit in 411, 412.

Theory and applications of transport of heat and mass in stationary and moving media. Conductive, convective, and radiative heat transfer. Phase-change heat transfer. Mass transfer in laminar and turbulent flows.

813. Convective Heat Transfer

Winter. 3(3-0) 412; MTH 421.

Analysis of convective transfer of heat, mass and momentum in boundary layers and induced flows. Heat transfer with phase change of fluids.

814. Radiative Heat Transfer

Spring. 3(3-0) 812.

Statistical mechanics and thermodynamics of radiation. Study of spectral properties. Radiative transfer in media. Selected applications.

815. Advanced Classical Thermodynamics

Fall of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) 313; MTH 422 or 424 or concurrently.

Postulational treatment of the laws of thermodynamics. Equilibrium and maximum entropy postulates. Development of formal relationships. Principles for general systems. Applications to chemical, magnetic, electric and elastic systems.

817. Conductive Heat Transfer

Fall. 3(3-0) 411, 351.

Theory of steady and unsteady heat conduction in isotropic and anisotropic media. Derivation of various describing equations and boundary conditions. Numerical methods. Nonlinear problems. Heat sources. Extended surfaces. Duhamel's integral.

818. Parameter Estimation

Spring. 3(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 6 credits. 351.

Nonlinear estimation of parameters appearing in partial differential equations of heat transfer. Nonsequential analysis of continuous data. Related concepts in probability and statistics. Optimum experimental design. Discrimination. Model-building.

823. Theory of Vibrations I

Fall. 4(4-0) 455. Interdepartmental with the Metallurgy, Mechanics and Materials Science Department.

Discrete and continuous parameter systems with linear and non-linear characteristics. Variational principles; equations of motion. Matrices, quadratic forms; self-adjoint operators; eigenvalues. Transient and random excitations. Theory developed through physical problems.

826. Kinematics of Machines II

Fall. 3(3-0) 420.

Analysis and synthesis of mechanisms using complex variables. Euler-Savary equation. Polynomial cam design. Synthesis of function generators. Computer mechanisms.

827. Machine Design III

Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) 421.

Strain energy method for analyzing statically indeterminate machine members, theories of failure, fatigue, use of statistics in selection of tolerances for parts in mass production. Optimum design.

828. Machine Design IV

Winter. 3(3-0) 421.

Application of design theory to the synthesis of complete mechanical and hydraulic systems. Stress waves due to impact loading. Critical speed.

832. Refrigeration

Spring. 3(3-0) 436.

Characteristics of refrigerants; application details pertaining to comfort cooling, food refrigeration, and ultra-low temperature units; refrigeration controls, and control systems.

834. Low Temperature Thermal Analysis

Winter of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0)

436.

Low temperature environments and thermal transport fluids. Cryogenic systems; space simulation, super insulations, vacuum technology, ultra low temperature physical phenomenon with helium and magnetic cooling systems.

841. Advanced Gas Dynamics

Spring. 3(3-0) 432; MTH 322 or 422 or 424 or approval of department.

Compressible subsonic and supersonic flow, shock waves, expansion fans, inviscid equations, perturbation theory, similarity rules, methods of measurement, method of characteristics, hodograph methods.

842. Inviscid Fluids

Spring. 3(3-0) MMM 810; MTH 322 or 423.

Kinematics; dynamical equations; potential flows, transformations, Helmholtz flows; added masses, forces and moments; vortex motion; wave motion.

843. Turbulence

Winter, Summer. 4(4-0) MMM 810 or approval of department.

Reynolds equations; turbulence energy equations; turbulence structure descriptions: correlation and spectrum functions, macro, micro and time scales; basic elements of: isotropic turbulence, phenomenological theories, hot-wire anemometry; free-shear and conduit flows.

850. Advanced Space and Orbit Ballistics

Fall of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) MMM 206; MTH 215, 309.

Particle motion; missile trajectories; motion of a rocket; orbits; effects of oblateness on satellite orbit; orbital lifetime; rendezvous transfer in earth-moon system; optimization; low thrust space propulsion systems; trip to Mars.

862. Mechanical and Aero-Space Optimization

Winter. 3(3-0) MTH 424.

Elementary fundamentals of calculus of variations, maximum principle. Optimization techniques applied to fluids, gas dynamics, optimization of airfoil shapes, fuel consumption, heat transfer, wave propagation in solids and physical properties in plasmas.

873. Thermal Stresses

Spring of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) MTH 422; MMM 810; or approval of department.

Thermomechanical behavior of continua; thermoelastic, thermoviscoelastic and thermoplastic models; coupled and uncoupled thermomechanical behavior; thermally induced vibrations; instability and inelasticity; thermal shock; thermomechanical ablation.

899. Research

(EGR 899.) Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

917. Statistical Thermodynamics and Kinetic Theory of Gases

Fall of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) 313; MTH 322 or 422; or approval of department.

Relation of statistical mechanics and kinetic theory to thermodynamics. Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein, and Fermi-Dirac statistics. Information and communication theory. Jayne's formalism. Applications.

920. Theory of Vibrations II

(MMM 904.) Winter of odd-numbered years. 4(4-0) MTH 422; 823 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Metallurgy, Mechanics and Materials Science Department.

Vibrations of one, two, and three-dimensional models of elastic and inelastic continua. Interaction phenomena. Stability. Variational methods. Applications to aeronautics, aerospace and undersea technology.

921. Theory of Vibrations III

(MMM 903.) Spring of odd-numbered years, Summer. 4(4-0) MMM 920 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Metallurgy, Mechanics and Materials Science Department.

Nonlinear oscillations. Resonance; subharmonics; self-sustained motions; stability. Methods of Poincare, van der Pol, etc. Random vibrations. Parametric excitations; stochastic processes; power spectra. Applications.

923. Wave Motion in Continuous Media I

Winter of even-numbered years. 4(4-0) MTH 422; MMM 810; or approval of department.

Linear and non-linear wave propagation. Reflection, refraction, diffraction. Dispersion. Shock and acceleration waves. Acoustical and optical analogies. Applications to elastic, plastic, viscoelastic, fluid, electromagnetic, elastic dielectric, and stochastic media.

924. Wave Motion in Continuous Media II

Spring of even-numbered years. 4(4-0)

923.

Continuation of 923.

925. Mechanical Engineering Problems

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. May re-enroll for a maximum of 9 credits. Approval of department.

Analysis of advanced engineering problems involving design, thermodynamics, fluid dynamics, gas dynamics, space.

930. Seminar

Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 credit. May re-enroll for a maximum of 3 credits in master's program; 6 credits in doctoral program. Open to graduate students of all colleges and departments.

Recent developments in space orbit theory, theory of space propulsion, magnetohydrodynamics, re-entry phenomena, ionosphere, space radiation phenomena, design of space vehicles, and developments in the field pertinent to space technology such as external environmental conditions, internal environmental conditions, effects upon space vehicle construction, etc.

941. Advanced Gas Dynamics II

Fall of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0)

841.

Transonic flows, blunt bodies in supersonic flows, three-dimensional supersonic flows, hodograph methods, characteristics, unsteady phenomena, physical gas dynamics.

942. Viscous Fluids

Fall of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) MMM 810 or CHE 841.

Exact solutions of Navier-Stokes equations, i.e., Oscillatory Motion, Laminar Jet, Converging Channel, etc.; Hydrodynamic Stability including free convection, surface tension, gravitational and free-surface instabilities, and Tollmien-Schlichting waves.

**952. Slip and Free (Newtonian)
Molecular Flows**
Spring. 3(3-0) 412, 432.

Distribution function; Boltzmann equation; solutions of Enskog-Burnett, Grad; slip flow; drag coefficient; heat transfer. Free molecule flow; elastic and inelastic reflections; flow around bodies; resistance coefficient; heat; oblation; meteors.

**953. Plasma Dynamics (Magneto-
Gas Dynamics)**
Winter. 3(3-0) 432; PHY 491.

Fundamental equations of hydrodynamics; Maxwell equations; continuum; channel flow; boundary layer; shocks; Alfvén wave propagation; one and two fluid theories; discrete particle approach; plasma oscillations; flow around bodies and in nozzles; space propulsion systems.

954. Ion Flow Dynamics
Spring. 3(3-0) 953.

Continuation of 953 as applied to the ion flow; extension of the neutral flow turbulence into electromagnetic turbulence, and method of characteristics applied to the ion flow dynamics.

999. Research
(EGR 999.) Fall, Winter, Spring,
Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

**MEDICAL
TECHNOLOGY** M T

College of Human Medicine
College of Osteopathic Medicine
College of Veterinary Medicine

201. Medical Technology
Fall. 1(1-0) Approval of school.
Relationship of medical technology to medicine and research, and the necessary interaction with other paramedical sciences.

401. Seminar in Medical Technology
Fall. 1 credit. Seniors.

Acquaints students with the operation and administration of a hospital, the philosophy and understanding of the entire profession of medical technology.

MEDICINE MED

College of Human Medicine

590. Special Problems in Medicine
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Human Medicine students.

Each student will work under direction of a staff member on an experimental, theoretical or applied problem.

608. Senior Medical Clerkship
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 17 credits. Primary clerkship, third year Human Medicine students.

Based in community hospitals, this clerkship will stress interviewing skills, history, physical examination, along with problem solving and therapy, and care of the whole patient leading to independence in patient management.

**METALLURGY, MECHANICS
AND MATERIALS
SCIENCE** MMM

College of Engineering

205. Mechanics I
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-0)
MTH 214 or concurrently.

Vector description of forces, moments, and motion. Statics. Dynamics of particles and particle systems. Energy and momentum principles. Stability of equilibrium.

206. Mechanics II
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-0)
205; MTH 215 or concurrently.

Dynamics of rigid bodies in general motion, plane motion, rotation, statics, variational methods.

**211. Mechanics of Deformable
Solids**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-0)
205 or statics; MTH 215.

Deformable solids, stress and strain, principal axes, material behavior (elastic, plastic, viscoelastic, temperature dependent). Boundary value problems, torsion, beams. Instability, columns.

215. Materials Testing Laboratory
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1(0-3)
Physical properties of engineering materials, resistance to primary types of static loading.

**230. Introduction to Materials
Science**
Fall. 4(4-0) Sophomores.

A qualitative survey of metals, ceramics, and polymers, and the relationship of electronic, molecular, and crystal structure to the physical, mechanical, thermal, electrical and magnetic properties.

304. Dynamics
Fall. 4(5-0) Statics; MTH 215 or
concurrently.

Dynamics of particles and rigid bodies for those students who have had statics.

320. Analytical Mechanics I
Fall. 3(3-0) MTH 215; PHY 289.
Measures of point motion, indicial notation, vector space and time transformations. Newton's, Lagrange's and Hamilton's equations. Motions of point objects; limiting wave forms.

321. Analytical Mechanics II
Winter. 3(3-0) 320.
Schrodinger's equation. Particle motions in various potentials; hydrogen-like atoms and molecules. Continuum models of particle systems; tensor properties, rigid and elastic solids, transfer of heat and electricity, flow relations.

322. Analytical Mechanics III
Spring. 3(3-0) 321.

Quantum and statistical models of particle systems; the Maxwell-Boltzmann, Einstein-Bose and Fermi-Dirac distributions; analysis of ideal atomic, electron and photon gases; properties of dense gases and liquids; thermal, elastic and electrical properties of crystals.

340. Materials Chemistry I
(440.) Fall. 4(4-0) CEM 153.

An integrated treatment of the physical chemistry of metals and other engineering materials is presented by 340, 341 and 342. Physico-chemical systems; thermodynamics and thermo-

chemistry; equilibrium; solutions and phase equilibrium; electrochemistry; corrosion; reaction kinetics in condensed phases; diffusion; surface phenomena.

341. Materials Chemistry II
(441.) Winter. 4(4-0) 340 or approval of department.
Continuation of 340.

342. Materials Chemistry III
(442.) Spring. 4(4-0) 341.
Continuation of 340, 341.

360. Physical Metallurgy I
Fall. 4(4-0) CEM 153 or approval of department.

Relationship of properties to microstructure as affected by solidification transformations in heterogeneous systems, cold work, recrystallization, and grain growth. Emphasis on the important commercial metals and alloys.

361. Physical Metallurgy II
Winter. 4(4-0) 360.
Continuation of 360.

362. Physical Metallurgy III
Spring. 4(4-0) 360, 361.
Continuation of 360, 361.

370. Metals and Alloys I
Fall, Winter. 4(3-3)
Principles of physical metallurgy applied to engineering metals and alloys.

371. Metals and Alloys II
Winter. 3(3-0) 370.
Continuation of 370.

372. Metals and Alloys III
Spring. 3(3-0) 371.
Continuation of 371.

**380. Physical Metallurgy Laboratory
I**
Fall. 1(0-3) 360 or concurrently.

First of an integrated sequence of laboratory courses designed to illustrate the parallel theory courses. Introduction to metallography, pyrometry, and testing of metals.

**381. Physical Metallurgy Laboratory
II**
Winter. 1(0-3) 380; 361 concurrently.
Continuation of 380.

**382. Physical Metallurgy Laboratory
III**
Spring. 1(0-3) 381; 362 concurrently.
Continuation of 381.

400. Special Problems
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 9 credits. Approval of department.
Individualized reading and research.

404. Dynamics of Mechanical Systems
Fall. 3(3-0) 206.

Principles of Newtonian dynamics. Lagrangian dynamics of rigid-body systems. Introductory orbital mechanics. Euler's dynamical equations and gyroscopic notion. Engineering applications.

**411. Mechanics of Deformable
Solids II**
Spring. 3(3-0) 211.
Continuation of 211. Unsymmetrical bending,